

wherein the DC plug is detachable from the DC connector port.

Claim 11. (original) The connection structure of claim 10, wherein the insulating part further includes a stress-buffer structure.

REMARKS

Present Status of the Application

The Office Action rejected all presently-pending claims 1-11. Specifically, the Office Action rejected claims 1-5, 8-11 under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Groves (US Patent No. 6,402,546) in view of Tomaro (US Patent No. 3,937,543). In addition, the Office Action rejected claims 6 and 7 under 35 USC §103 as being unpatentable over Groves in view of Tomaro, and further in view of bean (U. S. Patent No. 6,428,348). Reconsideration and allowance of those claims is respectfully requested.

Discussion of Office Action Rejections

Response to Claims Rejections under 35 USC§ 103

Claims 1-5 and 8-11 under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Groves in view of Tomaro.

As will be fully explained below, Groves in view of Tomaro does not disclose the subject matter defined in claims 1 and 10 as proposed herein.

Independent claim 1, as amended, states:

Claim 1. A power adapter having a freely rotatable direct current (DC) plug connection, comprising:
a main body, including a casing that respectively encloses an adapter circuit board, a DC connector port and an alternating current (AC) connector port, the DC connector port and the AC connector port being respectively arranged on the adapter circuit board;

a DC wire, having a first terminal electrically connected to a DC plug that mates with the DC connector port according to a freely rotatable manner, wherein the DC plug is detachable from the DC connector port; and

an AC wire, having a second terminal electrically connected to the AC connector port.

(Emphasis Added)

Independent claim 1 is allowable for at least the reasons that Groves in view of Tomaro at least do not disclose, teach, or suggest the features that “the DC plug is detachable from the DC connector port” described above.

First of all, as to the patent of Groves, the Examiner states that the Groves et al does not disclose that the DC plug mates the DC connector port in a freely rotatable manner. In addition, in the patent of Groves, the cable 404 can not be disconnected from the assembly 402.

Secondly, as to the patent of Tomaro, the plug 24 can not be disconnected from the conductors 50 and 58 since “fastener 63 is of the type which can be pushed on to pin 30 by moving it toward the left in FIG. 3, but which cannot be moved to the right with respect to pin 30 once it has been pushed on to the pin” (see Tomaro, col. 3, lines 7-10).

Thus, Groves and Tomaro, let alone or combination thereof, does not anticipate claim 1 obvious. The process of Groves in view of Tomaro does not establish a Prima Facie Case of Obviousness against the subject matter of claim 1. The withdrawal of the rejections and the allowance of claim 1 are therefore earnestly solicited.

Independent claim 10, as amended, states:

Claim 10. A freely rotatable electrical connection structure of an electrical device, comprising:
an electrical device, having a casing in which is arranged a direct current (DC) connector port and through which is defined an opening; and
an electrical plug, including an electrical connecting part and an insulating part, the electrical connecting part rotatably mating with the DC connector port, and the insulating part further including a slot that engages by fitting with a rim of the opening of the casing in order to secure the connection between the electrical plug and the DC connector port while allowing a free rotation there between;
wherein the electrical connecting part is detachable from the DC connector port.
(Emphasis Added)

Independent claim 10 is allowable for at least the reasons that Groves in view of Tomaro at least do not disclose, teach, or suggest the features that **“the DC plug is detachable from the DC connector port”** described above.

First of all, as to the patent of Groves, the Examiner states that the Groves et al does not disclose that the DC plug mates the DC connector port in a freely rotatable manner. In addition, in the patent of Groves, the cable 404 can not be disconnected from the assembly 402.

Secondly, as to the patent of Tomaro, the plug 24 can not be disconnected from the conductors 50 and 58 since “fastener 63 is of the type which can be pushed on to pin 30 by moving it toward the left in FIG. 3, but which cannot be moved to the right with respect to pin 30 once it has been pushed on to the pin” (see Tomaro, col. 3, lines 7-10).

Thus, Groves and Tomaro, let alone or combination thereof, does not anticipate claim 10 obvious. The process of Groves in view of Tomaro does not establish a Prima Facie Case of Obviousness against the subject matter of claim 10. The withdrawal of the rejections and the allowance of claim 10 are therefore earnestly solicited.

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For at least the foregoing reasons, Applicant respectfully submits that independent claims 1 and 10 patently define over the prior art, and should be allowed. For at least the same reasons, dependent claims 2-19 and 11 patently define over the prior art as well.

Therefore, as to the rejection of claims 6 and 7 under 35 USC §103 as being unpatentable over Groves in view of Tomaro, and further in view of Bean, Applicant respectfully submits that the dependent claims 6 and 7 patently define over the prior art since the independent claim 1 patently define over the prior art.

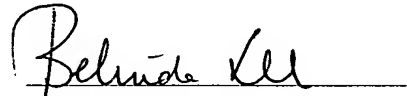
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CONCLUSION

For at least the foregoing reasons, it is believed that all pending claims 1-11 are in proper condition for allowance. If the Examiner believes that a telephone conference would expedite the examination of the above-identified patent application, the Examiner is invited to call the undersigned.

Date :

August 28, 2003


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